LEVEL

TECHNICAL DOCUMENTARY REPORT

U.S. ARMY COMPUTER SYSTEMS COMMAND

USACSC-AT-77-11

SOFTWARE PORTABILITY STUDY

CONVERSION PROCEDURES

FINAL REPORT

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ABSTRACT

This document contains the results of a modification to the
Software Portability Study, Delivery Order Number 9 to Contract DAHC26-D-100⎯.
This study concentrated on determining the procedures required to convert
software systems written in COBOL in accordance with USACSC standards
to a portable COBOL, Florida 74. A further conversion from the Portable
Standard COBOL (PSC) to a COBOL executable on the Digital Equipment
Corporation (CDEC) PDP 11/70 minicomputer was studied and is presented.

FORWARD

This document was prepared under the authority of USACSC Contract
Number DAHC26-76-D-1004, and was prepared by SAI Comsystems for the U.S.
Army Computer System Command. This study reports the COBOL software
study.

DISCLAIMER

The findings of this report are not to be considered as an official
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CHAPTER I

OVERVIEW

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The United States Army Computer Systems Command (USACSC) has for many years been developing and maintaining software systems for use throughout the army. The majority of these software systems have been written in COBOL and executed on IBM 360 systems. Due to the rapid advances in computer hardware, the competitive nature of the computer industry and federal government computer procurement practices, it is reasonable to expect that the present software systems will be required to be executed on hardware for which they were not developed. With this in mind, a greater emphasis is being placed on software transportability within the USACSC.

1.2 PORTABILITY

1.2.1 By definition, software portability implies the degree of executability of a high-level language program in multiple and/or varied computer environments. That is, if a program is executable in a foreign environment from which it was developed with minimal or no modification, it is considered to be portable; otherwise, the program is not portable.

1.2.2 Program portability involves many aspects of data processing.

Briefly, to cite a few:

- Compatability among computer vendors,

- Compiler compatability for a given high-level language.

- Compiler compatability within the same vendor and/or other vendors.

- Compatability of a given high-level language as used in various computer environments.

- Program application.

- Determination of the degree to which a program is or is not portable. (That is, if modification is required, how much modification is too much; how many special cases should be incorporated into considerations for portability).

- Determination of a universally executable instruction subset of a high-level language.

- Program dependency on the computer environment.

- Degree of program interdependence with Job Control Language.

- Degree of programmed system dependent device specification.

- Variability in special features such as internal sorts, internal merges, CALL's, etc.

- Compatibility between operating systems within a vendor (e.g., IBM DOS, OS, VS, HASP, MVT, etc) and with other vendors and their variations.

- Compatability in system data management procedures (within a given vendor or given vendor to another vendor.

- Compatability in the relative intelligence built into the original versus the recipient environment (the amount of programmed

information which is or is not required by the program
depending on the computer environment).

1.3 PORTABILITY STUDY

1.3.1 The USACSC has tasked SAI Comsystems Corporation as Delivery
Order Number 9 of Contract DAHC26-76-D-1004 to study the question of
portability in the context of the command environment. The final
document, Software Portability Study - Volumes I and II was delivered
on April 15, 1977. In the course of this study, the following items
were considered in the form of comparisons-similarities and dissimilar-
ities.

- COBOL - Programming language study.

- Job Control Language (JCL) study.

- Executive Software Study (as applicable) in the
  domain of Operating Systems Environment.

- Computer Hardware Study.

This study was conducted using USACSC minimum hardware config-
uration requirements as the norm. All software comparisons are based
on current versions of the language, JCL, and Executive Software as
used by USACSC. The vendors considered include: Burroughs 3500, CDC
3300, 6600 and 7600 Series, Honeywell 6000 Series, Univac 1100 Series,
Data General Eclipse, Digital Equipment Corp. PDP 11, and Interdata 8/32.

Also included in the language (COBOL) study are USACSC COBOL
and ANSI '74 COBOL.

The purpose of this extension is to take USACAC COBOL and constrain it to become portable so that the portable COBOL is usable by the PDP 11 - hardware environment.

1.4 DOCUMENT STRUCTURE

Chapter 2 of this document presents the general scope of the study. Chapter 3 presents the methodology of converting USACSC COBOL to Portable Standard COBOL (PSC) (Ref: Programming Procedures Manual USACSC 18-1-1; Optimal COBOL Subset for Software Portability DAAG29-77-G-0058) as well as the PSC to PDP 11 COBOL (Ref: Optimal COBOL Subset for Software Portability DAAG29-77-G-0058); PDP-11 COBOL User's Guide No. DEC-11-LCUGA-B-D). Appendix A consists of a heirarchy chart and the detail conversion process for USACSC COBOL to PSC. Appendix B consists of a heirarchy chart and the detail conversion process for PSC to PDP 11 COBOL.

CHAPTER 2

STUDY SCOPE

2.1 INTRODUCTION

This chapter presents the scope of the modification to the original Software Portability Study delivery order and some general understandings and concepts required to complete the task.

2.2 TASK MODIFICATION

Where the portability study included many aspects of the portability question, the modification concentrated on the methodology of achieving the conversion of systems written in COBOL. Specifically, the conversion of systems written in accordance with USACSC standard to an intermediate COBOL language and thence to a specific hardware dependent COBOL, PDP 11, is being determined.

2.3 BACKGROUND

2.3.1 The methodology being evaluated and presented in this document is general in nature and applicable to both manual and automated modes of operation. The stress has, however, been placed on an automated mode of operation where problem areas are noted and manual intervention is required.

2.3.2 Due to the complexity of converting COBOL systems from one hardware vendor to another, it is evident that no automated mode of conversion will be self-sufficient. Too many inconsistancies occur between vendors implemented COBOL. even though the vendors indicate that the language implemented is in accordance with an ANSI standard. These inconstancies appear in

two forms:

- The entire set of ANSI COBOL is not implemented.

- Vendor extensions have been implemented to fully
  utilize the unique features of the vendor hardware.

2.3.3   As indicated in the portability study report, **the strict** adherence to programming systems **as** a minimal subset (i.e., COBOL statements implemented by all vendors) to achieve portability, too severely restricts the programmer in capability and makes systems thus programmed inefficient on all hardware systems on which it is executed. Therefore, although the portable COBOL in which systems are programmed and maintained may be a minimal subset, the translation from this **language** to any hardware dependent COBOL must attempt to transform the portable subset into the maximum vendor subset possible to obtain maximum efficiency. The trade off in this philosophy is that the greater the vendor subset attempted, then the greater the complexity of the translator.

2.4   TRANSLATOR TRADE-OFF

2.4.1   The critical point in this trade-off is when the cost of developing the translator exceeds the expected level of manual intervention in modifying the code based on error messages. The translator defined as a result of this effort has been designed with an attempt to minimize the translator development cost and manual intervention and yet enable the utilization of a maximum target COBOL subset.

2.4.2   The scope of this extension is summarized in the block diagram (figure 2.1). The approach is to achieve portability in two stages. The first stage will accomplish the conversion of USACSC COBOL to an intermediate

```
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │                     │
                    │       USACSC         │
                    │                     │
                    │       COBOL          │
                    │                     │
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
                               │
                               ▼
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │                     │
                    │   Semi-Automatic     │
                    │                     │
                    │       Source         │
                    │                     │
                    │    Convention-1      │
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
                               ▼
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │                     │
                    │                     │
                    │      PORTABLE        │
                    │      STANDARD        │
                    │      COBOL           │
                    │                     │
                    │                     │
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
                               ▼
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │                     │
                    │   Semi-Automatic     │
                    │       Source         │
                    │    Convention-2      │
                    │                     │
                    │  Targeted for PDP 11 │
                    └─────────────────────┘
                               │
                               ▼
                    ┌─────────────────────┐
                    │                     │
                    │      SOURCE          │
                    │                     │
                    │       FOR            │
                    │                     │
                    │      PDP 11          │
                    └─────────────────────┘
```

Figure 2.1   BLOCK DIAGRAM

COBOL language element set. This COBOL set, as recommended by University of Florida and agreed upon by USACSC, is a subset of ANSI '74 COBOL. Throughout the study, this intermediate COBOL will be referred to as Portable Standard COBOL (PDS). Also, PDS, being the proper subset (every element in the subset is present in the set) of ANSI '74, will be a usable COBOL on all the computers that support full ANSI '74 COBOL.

2.4.3 The second stage is to translate PDS to PDP 11 Cobol (or other desired hardware environment). This conversion has been accomplished keeping in mind the present state of the art for the COBOL available on PDP 11.

CHAPTER 3

CONVERSION PROCEDURES

3.1 INTRODUCTION

The primary function of these conversion procedures is to assist a programmer to achieve a conversion smoothly. Given a definite target COBOL environment, one can design a system that will allow a conversion. These conversion procedures serve dual purposes. It guides towards a design logic for conversion as well as lists many abnormalities that need to be resolved before automatic conversion can be achieved. This chapter discusses in detail the rationale and procedure for conversion of COBOL code maintained by USACSC to the Portable Standard COBOL (PSC) to PDP 11/70 COBOL. Also included is a discussion of Appendix A and B.

3.2 CONVERSION SCOPE

3.2.1 The conversion process is being presented strictly in terms of the COBOL language. The major consideration in this process is in terms of those capabilities of the compilers used to prepare the code for execution. JCL or Executive Software are identified only if a given function is not available in the target COBOL.

3.3 APPENDIX DESCRIPTION

3.3.1 Two appendicies are provided as part of this document. Appendix A presents the conversion process for USACSC to PSC . Appendix B presents the conversion process for PSC to PDP 11/70 COBOL. Each appendix consists of a heirarchial chart and a series of IPO's required for

3-1

the conversion process.

3.3.2   The first figure in each appendix is a heirarchial representation of all the statements available for conversion from the source computer.

3.3.3   The numbering technique follows the heirarchy convention by levels, i.e.,

>level 1 - n
>
>level 2 - n.1; n.2, ...
>
>level 3 - n.1.1; n.1.2, ...
>
>level 4 - n.1.1.1; n.1.1.2, ...
>
>and so on.

3.3.4   After page 1 in each appendix, there follows a set of detailed input-process-output (IPO). On every page of this IPO, one lowest level COBOL element conversion is described. All IPO's adhere to the same format. The input of IPO is a COBOL source (element). The process part of IPO describes the methodology and/or logic required to decide the outcome. The output section of IPO describes the final result of the translation process.

3.3.5   Throughout the IPO's, all ANSI '74 COBOL syntax conventions are used. The only liberty taken is the shading of an option of the input element to indicate that the option is a problem area in conversion. Also, for an element with multiple options, if some options are not directly transferrable, the output section indicates this by showing possible translations as described in the process section. Also, for the sake of completeness, one lowest level element may appear at more than one place in the heirarchy chart; however, they all point to the same detail IPO page.

3.3.6   The usefulness of IPO's became apparent during an attempt to
convert a program from USACSC COBOL to   PSC.   The following is an
example indicative of the method of using the IPO's.   The programmer perform-
ing the conversion is assumed to be familiar with both source and target
COBOL systems.

1. Find the IPO corresponding to the source statement. Use
    heirarchial charts by division as a quick reference.

2. Follow the procedure listed in the process section of the
    IPO.

3. If a warning message is indicated, several situations may
    have occurred.

    a) A portion of the source statement is omitted
        from the output as it is not required in the
        target COBOL. However, the omission must be
        accomplished in the JCL.

    b) A portion of the source statement is omitted -
        not required by the targeted environment.

3.4 RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

During the entire study, only one area has not been discussed. This
is the restrictions and limitations of the compilers for which these conversions
are being specified. A thorough check of the target compiler together with
practical investigation is a must at this stage. Some of these areas are:

1. Number of GO TO's available in a GO TO --
   DEPENDING UPON clause.

2. Total number of nesting levels available
   in a given compiler.

3. Naming conventions.

4. Reserved word list.

5. Number of bits to a byte.

6. word and boundry alignment.

7. Numeric storage formats.

8. Collating sequence.

3.5 SUMMARY

Even though this study covers all the aspects of COBOL conversion
with respect to USACSC and   PSC   , this is by no means a 'Total' concept of
conversion. One must also convert the data from the old environment to the
new environment before a successful execution is possible. Also all the sub-
routines, utilities and any macros must be converted to the new environment
before program execution. Finally, JCL conversion must also be accomplished.
It is also likely JCL conversion might effect source code in the new environ-
ment.

APPENDIX A

USACSC COBOL

TO

PORTABLE STANDARD COBOL (PSC)

TRANSLATE COBOL PROGRAM   1

TRANSLATE IDENTIFICATION DIVISION   1.0

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION	1.0.1
PROGRAM-ID.	1.0.2
AUTHOR.	1.0.3
INSTALLATION.	1.0.4
DATE-WRITTEN.	1.0.5
DATE-COMPILED	1.0.6
SECURITY.	1.0.7
REMARKS.	1.0.8

TRANSLATE ENVIRONMENT DIVISION   1.1

TRANSLATE CONFIGURATION SECTION   1.1.1

CONFIGURATION SECTION	1.1.1.1
SOURCE-COMPUTER	1.1.1.2
OBJECT-COMPUTER	1.1.1.3
SPECIAL-NAMES	1.1.1.4
COPY	1.3.1.3

TRANSLATE INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION   1.1.2

TRANSLATE FILE-CONTROL   1.1.2.1

FILE-CONTROL	1.1.2.1
SELECT	1.1.2.1.2
ASSIGN	1.1.2.1.3
ACCESS MODE	1.1.2.1.4
RESERVE	1.1.2.1.5
TRACK-AREA	1.1.2.1.6
TRACK-LIMIT	1.1.2.1.7
ACTUAL-KEY	1.1.2.1.8
APPLY	1.1.2.1.9
NOMINAL KEY	1.1.2.1.10
RECORD KEY	1.1.2.1.11
COPY	1.3.1.2

TRANSLATE I-O-CONTROL   1.1.2.2

RERUN	1.1.2.2.1
SAME	1.1.2.2.2
COPY	1.3.1.2

TRANSLATE DATA DIVISION   1.2

TRANSLATE FILE SECTION   1.2.1

TRANSLATE FD   1.2.1.1

LABEL RECORD	1.2.1.1.1
RECORD CONTAINS	1.2.1.1.2
BLOCK CONTAINS	1.2.1.1.3
RECORDING MODE	1.2.1.1.4
VALUE OF	1.2.1.1.5
DATA RECORD	1.2.1.1.6
COPY	1.3.1.3

TRANSLATE SD   1.2.1.2

LABEL RECORD(S)	1.2.1.1.1
RECORD CONTAINS	1.2.1.1.2
RECORDING MODE	1.2.1.1.4
VALUE OF	1.2.1.1.5
DATA RECORD	1.2.1.1.6
COPY	1.3.1.3

TRANSLATE WORKING-STORAGE SECTION   1.2.2

FILLER	1.2.2.1
REDEFINES	1.2.2.2
PICTURE	1.2.2.3
USAGE	1.2.2.4
OCCURS	1.2.2.5
SYNCHRONIZED	1.2.2.6
JUSTIFIED	1.2.2.7
BLANK WHEN ZERO	1.2.2.8
VALUE	1.2.2.9
COPY	1.3.1.3
88	1.2.2.10
66	1.2.2.11

TRANSLATE LINKAGE SECTION   1.2.3

TRANSLATE PROCEDURE DIVISION   1.3

SEQUENCE CONTROL	1.3.1
CALL	1.3.1.1
CANCEL	1.3.1.2
COPY	1.3.1.3
ENTER	1.3.1.4
EXIT	1.3.1.5
GO TO	1.3.1.6.1
	1.3.1.6.2
PERFORM	1.3.1.7.1
	1.3.1.7.2
RETURN	1.3.1.8
START	1.3.1.9
STOP RUN	1.3.1.10
USE	1.3.1.11

I/O	1.3.2
ACCEPT	1.3.2.1
CLOSE	1.3.2.2
DISPLAY	1.3.2.3
EXHIBIT	1.3.2.4
OPEN	1.3.2.5
READ	1.3.2.6.1
	1.3.2.6.2
RELEASE	1.3.2.7
RETURN	1.3.2.8
REWRITE	1.3.2.9
SORT	1.3.2.10
WRITE	1.3.2.11.1
	1.3.2.11.2

ARITHMETIC	1.3.3
ADD	1.3.3.1.1
	1.3.3.1.2
COMPUTE	1.3.3.2
DIVIDE	1.3.3.3.1
	1.3.3.3.2
	1.3.3.3.3
MULTIPLY	1.3.3.4.1
	1.3.3.4.2
SUBTRACT	1.3.3.5.1
	1.3.3.5.2

DATA MOVEMENT	1.3.4
EXAMINE	1.3.4.1
MOVE	1.3.4.2
SEARCH	1.3.4.3.1
	1.3.4.3.2
SET	1.3.4.4.1
	1.3.4.4.2

CONDITIONAL	1.3.5
IF	1.3.5.1
ON	1.3.5.2
SEARCH	1.3.4.3.1
	1.3.4.3.2
SET	1.3.4.4.1
	1.3.4.4.2

A-1

NO: 1.0.1

OUTPUT

<u>IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.</u>

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

<u>IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.</u>

A-2

NO: 1.0.2

OUTPUT

PROGRAM-ID. program-name.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

PROGRAM-ID. program-name.

A-3

OUTPUT

AUTHOR. comment-entry ....

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

AUTHOR. comment-entry....

A-4

OUTPUT

INSTALLATION.

[comment-entry] ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

INSTALLATION.

[comment-entry] ...

NO: 1.0.5

OUTPUT

DATE-WRITTEN.

[comment-entry] ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

DATE-WRITTEN. [comment-entry] ...

A-6

NO: 1.0.6

OUTPUT

DATE-COMPILED.

    [comment-entry] ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

DATE-COMPILED.

    [comment-entry] ...

A-7

OUTPUT

SECURITY.
    comment-entry ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

SECURITY.
    [comment-entry] ...

OUTPUT

*REMARKS

* comment-entry

PROCESS

A. Read a statement

B. Move an asterisk in column 7, and copy the entire statement.

C. If a major division header is encountered, stop process. Else

D. Move an asterisk to column 7 of every statement.

INPUT

REMARKS.

comment-entry

NO: 1.1

OUTPUT

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.

A-10

NO: 1.1.1.1

OUTPUT

CONFIGURATION SECTION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

CONFIGURATION SECTION.

A-11

OUTPUT

<u>SOURCE-COMPUTER.</u>

computer-name.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output
area.

INPUT

<u>SOURCE-COMPUTER.</u>

computer-name.

OUTPUT

<u>OBJECT-COMPUTER</u>.
computer name.

| <u>SEGMENT-LIMIT IS</u>
  segment number .

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output
area.

INPUT

<u>OBJECT-COMPUTER</u>.
computer name.

| <u>SEGMENT-LIMIT IS</u>
  segment number .

OUTPUT

SPECIAL-NAMES.

implementor-name IS
memonic name ...

PROCESS

Read Entire statement, then copy to output

INPUT

SPECIAL-NAMES.

implementor-name IS
memonic name ...

A-14

NO: 1.1.2

OUTPUT

INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

A-15

NO: 2.1.2.1.2

OUTPUT

SELECT file-name.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

SELECT file-name.

B-16

OUTPUT

SELECT   file-name

[**warning-message**]

PROCESS

A. Read the entire statement.

B. If the OPTIONAL option is found, eliminate it from the statement; copy the statement to the output area, and write a warning message.

C. Else, copy the statement to the output area.

NOTE: Warning message should indicate that program execution may be affected.

INPUT

SELECT

file-name.

OUTPUT

ASSIGN TO

implementor-name-1
[,implementor-name-2]
[**warning-message]

PROCESS

A. Read the entire statement.

B. If the option is found [FOR MULTIPLE [REEL / UNIT]], eliminate it from the statement; copy the statement to the output area, and write a warning message.

C. Else, copy the statement to the output area.

NOTE: The warning message should indicate that program execution may be affected.

INPUT

ASSIGN TO [integer]

implementor-name-1
[,implementor-name-2] ...

NO: 1.1.2.1.4

OUTPUT

ACCESS MODE IS $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{SEQUENTIAL}} \\ \underline{\text{RANDOM}} \end{array} \right\}$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

ACCESS MODE IS $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{SEQUENTIAL}} \\ \underline{\text{RANDOM}} \end{array} \right\}$

A-19

OUTPUT

RESERVE int

RESERVE int $\begin{Bmatrix} \underline{AREA} \\ \underline{AREAS} \end{Bmatrix}$

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. Move the words "RESERVE" and "int" to output area.

C. Check for the possibility of the verb "ALTERNATE". If this verb is existent, it must be eliminated. (NOTE: Elimination of verb may effect program execution; or there may exist in the operating system some equivalence to "ALTERNATE").

D. Move the remainder of the statement to the output area and add to "RESERVE int".

INPUT

RESERVE

int $\begin{Bmatrix} \underline{AREA} \\ \underline{AREAS} \end{Bmatrix}$

A-20

OUTPUT

TRACK statement

***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read the entire statement.

B. Since there is no-equivalence, the statement should be transferred to the output area with a warning message indicating no-equivalency.

NOTE: There may be some effect on execution of the program by eliminating this statement.

INPUT

TRACK AREA IS

$\begin{Bmatrix} \text{data-name} \\ \text{int} \end{Bmatrix}$ CHARACTERS

OUTPUT

TRACK statement

***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read the entire statement.

B. Since there is no-equivalence, this statement should be transferred to the output area with a warning message indicating no-equivalency.

NOTE: There may be some effect on the program by eliminating this statement.

INPUT

TRACK-LIMIT IS

int $\begin{Bmatrix} \text{TRACK} \\ \text{TRACKS} \end{Bmatrix}$

A-22

OUTPUT

ACTUAL statement

*** WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read the entire statement.

B. Since there is no-equivalent, this statement should be transferred to the output area with a warning message indicating no-equivalency.

NOTE: The elimination of this statement may effect execution of this program, and the warning message should reflect this fact.

INPUT

ACTUAL KEY IS data-name

OUTPUT

APPLY statement

*** WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read the entire statement.

B. Since there is no equivalence, then the statement should be transferred with a warning message of no equivalency.

Note: There might exist within the operating system or J.C.L. directives for write-only processing. This fact may be included in the warning message.

INPUT

APPLY WRITE-ONLY ON

file-name-1 [file-name-2]

OUTPUT

COL. 7

* <u>NOMINAL KEY</u> IS data-
   name.

** WARNING - message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. Copy it with an asterisk, '*', in
   column seven.

C. Write a warning message to indicate
   that the statement is not in ANSI
   COBOL.

NOTE: Warning message should indicate
      that program execution may be
      affected.

INPUT

<u>NOMINAL KEY</u> IS data-name.

NO: 1.1.2.1.11

OUTPUT

RECORD KEY IS data-name-1

PROCESS

Read the entire statement and copy it to the output area.

INPUT

RECORD KEY IS data-name

OUTPUT

I-O-CONTROL.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output
area.

INPUT

I-O-CONTROL.

NO: 1.1.2.2.2

OUTPUT

RERUN ON implementor-name

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{END OF } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{REEL}} \\ \underline{\text{UNIT}} \end{array} \right\} \\ \text{integer } \underline{\text{RECORDS}} \end{array} \right\}$$

EVERY

OF file name

...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

RERUN ON implementor-name

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{END OF } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{REEL}} \\ \underline{\text{UNIT}} \end{array} \right\} \\ \text{integer } \underline{\text{RECORDS}} \end{array} \right\}$$

EVERY

OF file-name

...

A-28

INPUT

SAME $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \underline{RECORD} \\ \underline{SAME} \end{array} \right\}$ AREA FOR

file-name-1

$\left\{ \text{file-name-2} \right\}$

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. If RECORD or SORT option is used, statement should be moved to output area with warning message.

C. Otherwise copy this statement to output area.

OUTPUT

SAME statement
***WARNING message
regarding RECORD or
SORT

SAME AREA FOR

file-name-1

file-name-2

OUTPUT

DATA DIVISION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

DATA DIVISION

OUTPUT

FILE SECTION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

FILE SECTION.

A-31

OUTPUT

FD file-name

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output
area.

INPUT

FD file-name

A-32

OUTPUT

LABEL RECORDS ARE

{ STANDARD / OMITTED }

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

LABEL RECORDS ARE

{ STANDARD / OMITTED }

OUTPUT

RECORD CONTAINS integer-1

TO integer-2 CHARACTERS

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

RECORD CONTAINS integer-1

TO integer-2 CHARACTERS

A-34

INPUT

BLOCK CONTAINS

int-2 $\begin{Bmatrix} \underline{RECORDS} \\ \underline{CHARACTERS} \end{Bmatrix}$

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. Move "BLOCK CONTAINS" verbs to the output area.

C. Since the output code set doesn't allow a range capability, if the option "int-1 TO" must be eliminated. (NOTE: Elimination of this option may **not** effect execution).

D. Add the remaining attributes to the output area to complete statement.

OUTPUT

BLOCK CONTAINS

BLOCK CONTAINS int-2 $\begin{Bmatrix} \underline{RECORDS} \\ \underline{CHARACTERS} \end{Bmatrix}$

A-35

OUTPUT

RECORDING statement.

*** WARNING message.

PROCESS

A. Read the entire statement.

B. Move asterisk in column 7 and copy the option.

C. Since there exists a no-equivalence condition, a warning message is printed.

NOTE: There may exist within the operating system, and/or J.C.L., a means for indicating recording functions. If not, this statement's elimination may effect the results from execution of the program.

INPUT

RECORDING MODE IS $\left\{\begin{array}{l} F \\ U \\ V \end{array}\right\}$

INPUT

VALUE OF implementor-name-1

IS [literal-1]

[implementor-name-2

literal-2]

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. Move statement up to the "IS" verb to the output area.

C. Check if a data-name or literal has been used. If a data-name has been used, the statement should be moved to the output area with a warning message indicating no-equivalency. If data-name-0 has been defined previously, substitute literal-1 with appropriate value.

D. Else, add the literal field to the statement in the output area.

E. If additional fields are within the statement, the same test indicated in step C (above) should be adhered to, else the additional fields should be added to the output area.

OUTPUT

VALUE of implementor-name-1
IS

VALUE clause

***WARNING message

VALUE OF implementor-name-1
IS literal-1

VALUE OF implementor-name-1
IS literal-1
[implementor-name-2
literal-2]

A-37

NO: 1.2.1.1.6

OUTPUT

DATA { RECORD IS / RECORDS ARE } data-name-1 [,data-name-2] ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

DATA { RECORD IS / RECORDS ARE } data-name-1 [,data-name-2] ...

A-38

NO: 1.2.2

OUTPUT

WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output
area.

INPUT

WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

OUTPUT

SD file-name

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

SD file-name

OUTPUT

level-number { data-name / FILLER }

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

level-number { data-name / FILLER }

OUTPUT

REDEFINES data-name

PROCESS

Read entire statement then copy to output area.

INPUT

REDEFINES data-name

NO: 1.2.2.3

OUTPUT

$$\left[\frac{PICTURE}{PIC}\right] \text{ IS character-string}$$

PROCESS

Read entire statement then copy to output area.

INPUT

$$\left[\frac{PICTURE}{PIC}\right] \text{ IS character-string}$$

A-43

OUTPUT

```
                    ┌ COMPUTATIONAL ┐
                    │ COMP          │
USAGE IS            │ DISPLAY       │
                    └ INDEX         ┘

**WARNING statement
  on COMP-3, etc.
```

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. If "COMPUTATIONAL-3" or "COMP-3" has been used, move statement to output area with warning message. (Note: Elimination of this phrase may effect execution.)

C. Otherwise, copy the statement to the output area.

INPUT

```
              ┌ COMPUTATIONAL       ┐
              │ COMP                │
USAGE IS      │ DISPLAY             │
              │ INDEX               │
              │ COMPUTATIONAL-3     │
              └ COMP-3              ┘
```

A-44

OUTPUT

OCCURS

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{integer-1 TIMES} \\ \text{integer-1 to} \\ \text{integer-2 TIMES} \end{array} \right\}$

$\left[\text{DEPENDING ON data-name} \right]$

$\left[\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ASCENDING} \\ \text{DESCENDING} \end{array} \right\} \text{KEY IS data-name-1} \left[\text{,data} \ldots \right] \right]$

$\left[\text{INDEXED BY index-name-1} \left[\text{,index-name-2} \ldots \right] \right]$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

OCCURS

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{integer-1 TIMES} \\ \text{integer-1 to} \\ \text{integer-2 TIMES} \end{array} \right\}$

$\left[\text{DEPENDING ON data-name} \right]$

$\left[\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ASCENDING} \\ \text{DESCENDING} \end{array} \right\} \text{KEY IS data-name-1} \left[\text{,data-name-2} \ldots \right] \right]$

$\left[\text{INDEXED BY index-name-1} \left[\text{,index-name-2} \ldots \right] \right]$

NO: 1.2.2.6

OUTPUT

SYNCHRONIZED
SYNC

LEFT
RIGHT

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

SYNCHRONIZED
SYNC

LEFT
RIGHT

A-46

OUTPUT

JUSTIFIED
JUST

RIGHT

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

JUSTIFIED
JUST

RIGHT

NO: 1.2.2.8

OUTPUT

⌐ BLANK WHEN ZERO ⌐

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

⌐ BLANK WHEN ZERO ⌐

A-48

INPUT

[VALUE IS literal]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

OUTPUT

[VALUE IS literal]

OUTPUT

```
88  condition-name  {VALUE IS  }
                     {VALUES ARE}

    literal-1 [THRU literal-2]

    [,literal-3 [THRU literal-4]]

    ...
```

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

```
88  condition-name  {VALUE IS  }
                     {VALUES ARE}

    literal-1 [THRU literal-2]

    [,literal-3 [THRU literal-4]]

    ...
```

A-50

OUTPUT

66 data-name-1

RENAMES data-name-2

$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \underline{\text{THROUGH}} \\ \underline{\text{THRU}} \end{array} \right\}$ data-name-3

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

66 data-name-1

RENAMES data-name-2

$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \underline{\text{THROUGH}} \\ \underline{\text{THRU}} \end{array} \right\}$ data-name-3

NO: 1.2.3

OUTPUT

LINKAGE SECTION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output
area.

INPUT

LINKAGE SECTION.

A-52

INPUT

PROCEDURE DIVISION

[USING data-name-1 [data-name-2] ...]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

OUTPUT

PROCEDURE DIVISION

[USING data-name-1 [data-name-2] ...]

OUTPUT

CALL literal-1

[USING data-name-1

[data-name-2] ...]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

CALL literal-1

[USING data-name-1

[data-name-2] ...]

OUTPUT

CANCEL statement

***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read the statement until a period has been encountered.

B. Since there exists a no-equivalence condition, the statement should be transferred to the output area with a warning message indicating no-equivalency.

NOTE: Elimination of this statement may effect the program's execution.

INPUT

CANCEL

$\left. \begin{array}{l} id-1 \\ lit-1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} id-2 \\ lit-2 \end{array} \right\} \cdots$

OUTPUT

```
COPY    text-name

        REPLACING   { identifier-1 }
                    { literal-1    }
                    { word-1       }

        BY          { identifier-2 }
                    { literal-2    } ...
                    { word-2       }
```

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

```
COPY    text-name

        REPLACING   { identifier-1 }
                    { literal-1    }
                    { word-1       }

        BY          { identifier-2 }
                    { literal-2    } ...
                    { word-2       }
```

A-56

OUTPUT

ENTER language-name

[routine-name]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

ENTER language-name

[routine-name]

NO: 1.3.1.5

INPUT

EXIT [PROGRAM]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

OUTPUT

EXIT [PROGRAM]

A-58

INPUT

GO TO [procedure-name]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

OUTPUT

GO TO [procedure-name-1]

OUTPUT

GO TO procedure-name-1

[procedure-name-2] ...

DEPENDING ON identifier

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

GO TO procedure-name-1

[procedure-name-2] ...

DEPENDING ON identifier

OUTPUT

```
PERFORM  procedure-name-1
         [ THRU procedure-name-2 ]

VARYING  { index-name-1 }
         { identifier-1 }

FROM     { index-name-2 }
         { literal-2    }
         { identifier-2 }

BY       { literal-3    }
         { identifier-3 }

UNTIL    condition-1

         [ AFTER  { index-name-4 }
                  { identifier-4 } ]

FROM     { index-name-5 }
         { literal-5    }
         { identifier-5 }

BY       { literal-6    }
         { identifier-6 }

UNTIL    condition-2
```

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

```
PERFORM  procedure-name-1
         [ THRU procedure-name-2 ]

VARYING  { index-name-1 }
         { identifier-1 }

FROM     { index-name-2 }
         { literal-2    }
         { identifier-2 }

BY       { literal-3    }
         { identifier-3 }

UNTIL    condition-1

         [ AFTER  { index-name-4 }
                  { identifier-4 } ]

FROM     { index-name-5 }
         { literal-5    }
         { identifier-5 }

BY       { literal-6    }
         { identifier-6 }

UNTIL    condition-2
```

A-61

OUTPUT

$$\left[\underline{\text{AFTER}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{index-name-7} \\ \text{identifier-7} \end{array} \right\} \right]$$

$$\underline{\text{FROM}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{index-name-8} \\ \text{literal-8} \\ \text{identifier-8} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\underline{\text{BY}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{literal-9} \\ \text{identifier-9} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\underline{\text{UNTIL}} \ \text{condition-3}$$

PROCESS

INPUT

$$\left[\underline{\text{AFTER}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{index-name-7} \\ \text{identifier-7} \end{array} \right\} \right]$$

$$\underline{\text{FROM}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{index-name-8} \\ \text{literal-8} \\ \text{identifier-8} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\underline{\text{BY}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{literal-9} \\ \text{identifier-9} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\underline{\text{UNTIL}} \ \text{condition-3}$$

OUTPUT

PERFORM procedure-name-1
[THRU procedure-name-2]
[{ identifier-1 }
  { integer-1 } TIMES]
[UNTIL condition 1]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

PERFORM procedure-name-1
[THRU procedure-name-2]
[{ identifier-1 }
  { integer-1 } TIMES]
[UNTIL condition-1]

OUTPUT

RETURN file-name RECORD

[INTO identifier]

AT END imperative-stmt.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

RETURN file-name RECORD

[INTO identifier]

AT END imperative-stmt.

OUTPUT

START file-name

INVALID KEY

imperative-statement

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

START file-name

INVALID KEY

imperative-statement

NO: 1.3.1.10

OUTPUT

STOP RUN.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output
area.

INPUT

STOP RUN.

A-66

OUTPUT

USE statement

***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read the entire statement.

B. Since there exists a no-equivalence condition, this statement should be transferred to the output area with a warning message indicating no-equivalency.

NOTE: Elimination of this statement may effect program's execution.

INPUT

STANDARD

BEGINNING
ENDING

REEL
FILE
UNIT

... PROCEDURE ON

file-name-1 [file-name-2...]

INPUT
I-O

OUTPUT

SPECIAL-NAMES.
  Implementor-name IS
  mnemonic-name

ACCEPT   identifier

WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
  01 Date or Time, etc.

MOVE identifier- TO
      identifier-2

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. Generate a SPECIAL-NAMES statement in the Data Division with a date and/or time parameter.

C. Set-up a Procedure Division statement that would acquire the system's date and/or time.

D. Set-up Working-Storage area to place system acquired date and/or time in appropriate format.

E. Set-up a Procedure Division statement that would move the acquired date and/or time to Working-Storage area.

F. Disperse generated output statements within the program in the output area.

INPUT

ACCEPT identifier FROM
    DATE
    DAY
    TIME

A-68

OUTPUT

```
CLOSE file-name-1 [ {REEL/UNIT} ]
       [ ,file-name-2 [ {REEL/UNIT} ] ] ...
```

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. If the statement contains the option:

    NO REWIND

    WITH   LOCK

then, the remaining fields should be transferred to the output area. (NOTE: Even though this option is eliminated, the operating system or J.C.L. may have options for indicating no rewinding or locking.)

INPUT

```
CLOSE file-name-1 [ {REEL/UNIT} ]
       [ ,file-name-2 [ {REEL/UNIT} ] ] ...
WITH   NO REWIND
       LOCK
```

A-69

NO: 1.3.2.3

INPUT

DISPLAY $\left\{\begin{matrix} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1} \end{matrix}\right\}$ $\left[\left\{\begin{matrix} \text{identifier-2} \\ \text{literal-2} \end{matrix}\right\}\right]$ ...

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. If the "UPON" option is used, then it must be eliminated. (NOTE: there may exist within the operating system, means to simulate the device to display upon). This option should be moved to the output area with appropriate warning message.

. Else, copy statement to output area.

OUTPUT

UPON clause

***WARNING message

DISPLAY $\left\{\begin{matrix} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1} \end{matrix}\right\}$ $\left[\left\{\begin{matrix} \text{identifier-2} \\ \text{literal-2} \end{matrix}\right\}\right]$ ...

A-70

OUTPUT

DISPLAY

DISPLAY literal identifier

DISPLAY { identifier-1 }
        { literal-1 }
        [{ identifier-2 }]
        [{ literal-2 }]

PROCESS

... the "NAMED" or the "CHANGED", the statement. Combination of "CHANGED" and "NAMED" might effect program ...

... the "NAMED" option is used, the data ... to be translated to a literal, ... the data-name as an identifier, then add result field to the "DISPLAY" verb in the output area.

Then, add the remaining fields to the "DISPLAY" verb in the output area.

EXHIBIT

identifier
literal

[identifier]
[literal]

OUTPUT

OPEN { INPUT file-name
OUTPUT file-name
I-O file-name } ...

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. If the options "REVERSED" and/or "WITH NO REWIND" is used, they must be eliminated since there is a no-equivalency condition prevailing. (NOTE: There may exist in the operating system or J.C.L. options for simulating these conditions.)

C. Transfer the remaining statement to the output area.

INPUT

OPEN { INPUT file name
OUTPUT file name
I-O file name }

OUTPUT

READ file RECORD

[INTO identifier]

[INVALID KEY imperative stmt]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, check out for output area.

INPUT

READ file RECORD

[INTO identifier]

[INVALID KEY imperative stmt]

OUTPUT

READ file [NEXT] RECORD

[INTO identifier]

[AT END imperative stmt.]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

READ file [NEXT RECORD]

[INTO identifier]

[AT END imperative statement]

OUTPUT

RELEASE record name

FROM identifier

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

RELEASE record name

FROM identifier

OUTPUT

RETURN file-name RECORD

[INTO identifier]

AT END imperative statement

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

RETURN file-name RECORD

[INTO identifier]

AT END imperative statement

OUTPUT

```
SORT file-name-1 ON

    {ASCENDING }  KEY data-
    {DESCENDING}      name-1

         [,data-name-2] ...

ON  {ASCENDING }  KEY data-
    {DESCENDING}      name-3

         [,data-name-4] ...

INPUT PROCEDURE IS section-
name-1   [{THROUGH}  section-]
          {THRU   }  name-2

USING file-name-2 [,file-
name-3]

OUTPUT PROCEDURE IS
section-name-3
         [{THROUGH}  section-]
          {THRU   }  name-4

GIVING file-name-4
```

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to
output area.

INPUT

```
SORT file-name-1 ON

    {ASCENDING }  KEY data-
    {DESCENDING}      name-1

         [,data-name-2] ...

ON  {ASCENDING }  KEY data-
    {DESCENDING}      name-3

         [,data-name-4] ...

INPUT PROCEDURE IS section-
name-1   [{THROUGH}  section-]
          {THRU   }  name-2

USING file-name-2 [,file-
name-3] ...

OUTPUT PROCEDURE IS
section-name-3
         [{THROUGH}  section-]
          {THRU   }  name-4

GIVING file-name-4
```

OUTPUT

WRITE record-name

[FROM identifier-1]

[INVALID KEY imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

WRITE record-name

[FROM identifier-1]

[INVALID KEY imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

REWRITE record-name

FROM identifier

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

REWRITE record-name

FROM identifier

OUTPUT

```
WRITE record name
     FROM identifier-1

     { BEFORE }  ADVANCING
     { AFTER  }

     { identifier-2 }  LINES
     { integer      }
       mnemonic-name

     AT { END-OF-PAGE }
        { EOP         }
     imperative statement
```

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

```
WRITE record name
     FROM identifier-1

     { BEFORE }  ADVANCING
     { AFTER  }

     { identifier-2 } LINES
     { integer      }
       mnemonic-name

     AT { END-OF-PAGE }
        { EOP         }
     imperative statement
```

OUTPUT

ADD

    identifier-1 identifier-2
    literal-1   literal-2

TO identifier-m [ROUNDED]
   identifier-n [ROUNDED] ...
   [ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement then copy to output area.

INPUT

ADD

    {identifier-1} {identifier-2}
    {literal-1   } {literal-2 }

TO identifier-m [ROUNDED]
   identifier-n [ROUNDED] ...
   [ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

```
ADD  {identifier-1} {identifier-2}
     {literal-1   } {literal-2}

     [identifier-3]...
     [literal-3  ]

GIVING identifier-m ROUNDED

       identifier-n ROUNDED

ON SIZE ERROR imperative-

       statement
```

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

```
ADD  {identifier-1} {identifier-2}
     {literal-1   } {literal-2}

     [identifier-3]...
     [literal-3  ]

GIVING identifier-m ROUNDED

       identifier-n ROUNDED

ON SIZE ERROR imperative -

       statement
```

A-82

NO: 1.3.3.2

OUTPUT

COMPUTE identifier-1 ROUNDED

[identifier-2 ROUNDED] ...

= arithmetic-expression

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-

statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output
area.

INPUT

COMPUTE identifier-1 ROUNDED

[identifier-2 ROUNDED] ...

= arithmetic-expression

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-

statement]

A-83

OUTPUT

DIVIDE { identifier-1 / literal-1 } INTO

identifier-2 [ROUNDED]

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-

statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output
area.

INPUT

DIVIDE { identifier-1 / literal-1 } INTO

identifier-2 [ROUNDED]

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-

statement]

OUTPUT

DIVIDE {identifier-1 / literal-1} {BY / INTO} {identifier-2 / literal-2} GIVING identifier-3 [ROUNDED] [ON SIZE ERROR imperative statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

DIVIDE {identifier-1 / literal-1} {BY / INTO} {identifier-2 / literal-2} GIVING identifier-3 [ROUNDED] [ON SIZE ERROR imperative statement]

OUTPUT

DIVIDE {identifier-1 / literal-1} {INTO / BY}

{identifier-2 / literal-2} GIVING identifier-3

[ROUNDED] [REMAINDER identifier-4]

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

DIVIDE {identifier-1 / literal-1} {INTO / BY}

{identifier-2 / literal-2} GIVING identifier-3

[ROUNDED] [REMAINDER identifier-4]

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

NO: 1.3.3.4.1

OUTPUT

```
MULTIPLY {identifier-1}
         {literal-1   }

BY identifier-2 [ROUNDED]

ON SIZE ERROR imperative-
              statement
```

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

```
MULTIPLY {identifier-1}
         {literal-1   }

BY identifier-2 [ROUNDED]

ON SIZE ERROR imperative-
              statement
```

OUTPUT

MULTIPLY {identifier-1 / literal-1}

BY {identifier-2 / literal-2}

GIVING identifier-3 [ROUNDED]

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

MULTIPLY {identifier-1 / literal-1}

BY {identifier-2 / literal-2}

GIVING identifier-3 [ROUNDED]

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

$$\underline{\text{SUBTRACT}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1} \end{array} \right\} \ \dots \ \underline{\text{FROM}}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-2} \\ \text{literal-2} \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-m} \\ \text{literal-m} \end{array} \right\} \ \underline{\text{GIVING}}$$

$$\text{identifier-n} \ \left[\underline{\text{ROUNDED}} \right]$$

$$\left[\underline{\text{ON SIZE ERROR}} \text{ imperative} \right.$$
$$\left. \text{statement} \right]$$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

$$\underline{\text{SUBTRACT}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1} \end{array} \right\} \ \dots \ \underline{\text{FROM}}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-2} \\ \text{literal-2} \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-m} \\ \text{literal-m} \end{array} \right\} \ \underline{\text{GIVING}}$$

$$\text{identifier-n} \ \left[\underline{\text{ROUNDED}} \right]$$

$$\left[\underline{\text{ON SIZE ERROR}} \text{ imperative} \right.$$
$$\left. \text{statement} \right]$$

A-89

OUTPUT

SUBTRACT {identifier-1 / literal-1} [identifier-2 / literal-2] ... [ROUNDED]

FROM identifier-m [ROUNDED] [identifier-n [ROUNDED]] ...

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

SUBTRACT {identifier-1 / literal-1} [identifier-2 / literal-2] ... [ROUNDED]

FROM identifier-m [ROUNDED] [identifier-n [ROUNDED]] ...

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

INPUT

EXAMINE id TALLYING

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{UNTIL FIRST} \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{ALL}} \\ \underline{\text{LEADING}} \end{array} \right\} \text{lit-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

REPLACING BY lit-2

EXAMINE id REPLACING

$$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{\text{ALL}} \\ \underline{\text{LEADING}} \\ \underline{\text{FIRST}} \\ \underline{\text{UNTIL FIRST}} \end{bmatrix} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{lit-1 } \underline{\text{BY}} \\ \text{lit-2} \end{array} \right.$$

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. Transform the word EXAMINE to the word INSPECT.

C. Carry over "id TALLYING" or "id REPLACING" fields and add to INSPECT verb.

D. If the "UNTIL FIRST" option has been used in either format, an "IF" condition must be set-up to check, within the Procedure Division.

E. If other options are used, add to the INSPECT format and transfer entire statement(s) to the output area.

OUTPUT

INSPECT

INSPECT id TALLYING
(or)
INSPECT id REPLACING

If first occurrence then imperative statement

INSPECT id TALLYING

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{ALL}} \\ \underline{\text{LEADING}} \end{array} \right\} \text{lit-1}$$

REPLACING BY lit-2
(or)

INSPECT id REPLACING

'ALL

, LEADING   lit-1 BY lit-2

FIRST]

OUTPUT

MOVE {identifier-1 / literal} TO identifier-2 [identifier-3]...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

MOVE {identifier-1 / literal} TO identifier-2 [identifier-3]...

OUTPUT

MOVE

CORRESPONDING
CORR

identifier-1 TO identifier-2

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

MOVE

CORRESPONDING
CORR

identifier-1 TO identifier-2

OUTPUT

SEARCH identifier-1

[VARYING {identifier-2 / index-name-1}]

[AT END imperative-stmt.]

WHEN condition-1 {imperative-stmt / NEXT SENTENCE}

[WHEN condition-2 {imperative-stmt / NEXT SENTENCE}]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

SEARCH identifier-1

[VARYING {identifier-2 / index-name-1}]

[AT END imperative-stmt.]

WHEN condition-1 {imperative-stmt / NEXT SENTENCE}

[WHEN condition-2 {imperative-stmt / NEXT SENTENCE}] ...

OUTPUT

SEARCH ALL

identifier-1 [AT END imper-
ative stmt-].

WHEN {data-
name-1 {IS EQUAL TO}
{IS =}

condition-name-1

{identifier-2}
{literal-1}
{arithmetic-
expression-1}

AND {data- IS EQUAL
name-2 {IS =}

condition-name-2

{identifier-3}
{literal-2}
{arithmetic-
expression-2}

...

{imperative-stmt-
{NEXT SENTENCE}

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output
area.

INPUT

SEARCH ALL

identifier-1 [AT END impera-
tive stmt-]

WHEN {data- {IS EQUAL TO}
name-1 {IS =}

condition-name-1

{identifier-2}
{literal-1}
{arithmetic-
expression-1}

AND {data- IS EQUAL TO
name-2 {IS =}

condition-name-2

{identifier-3}
{literal-2}
{arithmetic-
expression-2}

...

{imperative-stmt-2}
{NEXT SENTENCE}

OUTPUT

SET $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{index-name-1} \end{array} \right\}$ $\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{,identifier-2} \\ \text{,index-name-2} \end{array} \right]$ ...

TO $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-3} \\ \text{index-name-3} \\ \text{integer-3} \end{array} \right\}$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

SET $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{index-name-1} \end{array} \right\}$ $\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{,identifier-2} \\ \text{,index-name-2} \end{array} \right]$ ...

TO $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-3} \\ \text{index-name-3} \\ \text{integer-1} \end{array} \right\}$

OUTPUT

SET

index-name-4 , index-nameS

$\begin{cases} \text{UP BY} \\ \text{DOWN BY} \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} \text{identifier-4} \\ \text{integer-2} \end{cases}$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

SET

index-name-4 , index-nameS ...

$\begin{cases} \text{UP BY} \\ \text{DOWN BY} \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} \text{identifier-4} \\ \text{integer-2} \end{cases}$

OUTPUT

IF condition

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{statement-1} \\ \underline{\text{NEXT SENTENCE}} \end{array} \right\}$

$\underline{\text{ELSE}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{statement-2} \\ \underline{\text{NEXT SENTENCE}} \end{array} \right\}$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

IF condition

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{statement-1} \\ \underline{\text{NEXT SENTENCE}} \end{array} \right\}$

$\underline{\text{ELSE}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{statement-2} \\ \underline{\text{NEXT SENTENCE}} \end{array} \right\}$

OUTPUT

77 argument-field PIC 9 (8).
77 counter-field PIC 9 (8).
        NE   PIC 9 VALUE 1

MOVE ZEROS TO counter-field.

ADD ONE TO counter-field.

IF counter-field = (int-1 +
(int-2 * argument-field))
AND counter-field   int-3

    THEN
            imp-stmt

            NEXT SENTENCE

    ELSE
            imp-stmt

            NEXT SENTENCE

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. Generate Working Storage statements.

C. Set-up initialization statement for
   counter-field in Procedure Division.

D. Set-up an adding statement to the counter-
   field for incrementing.

E. Set-up "IF" statement for checking the in-
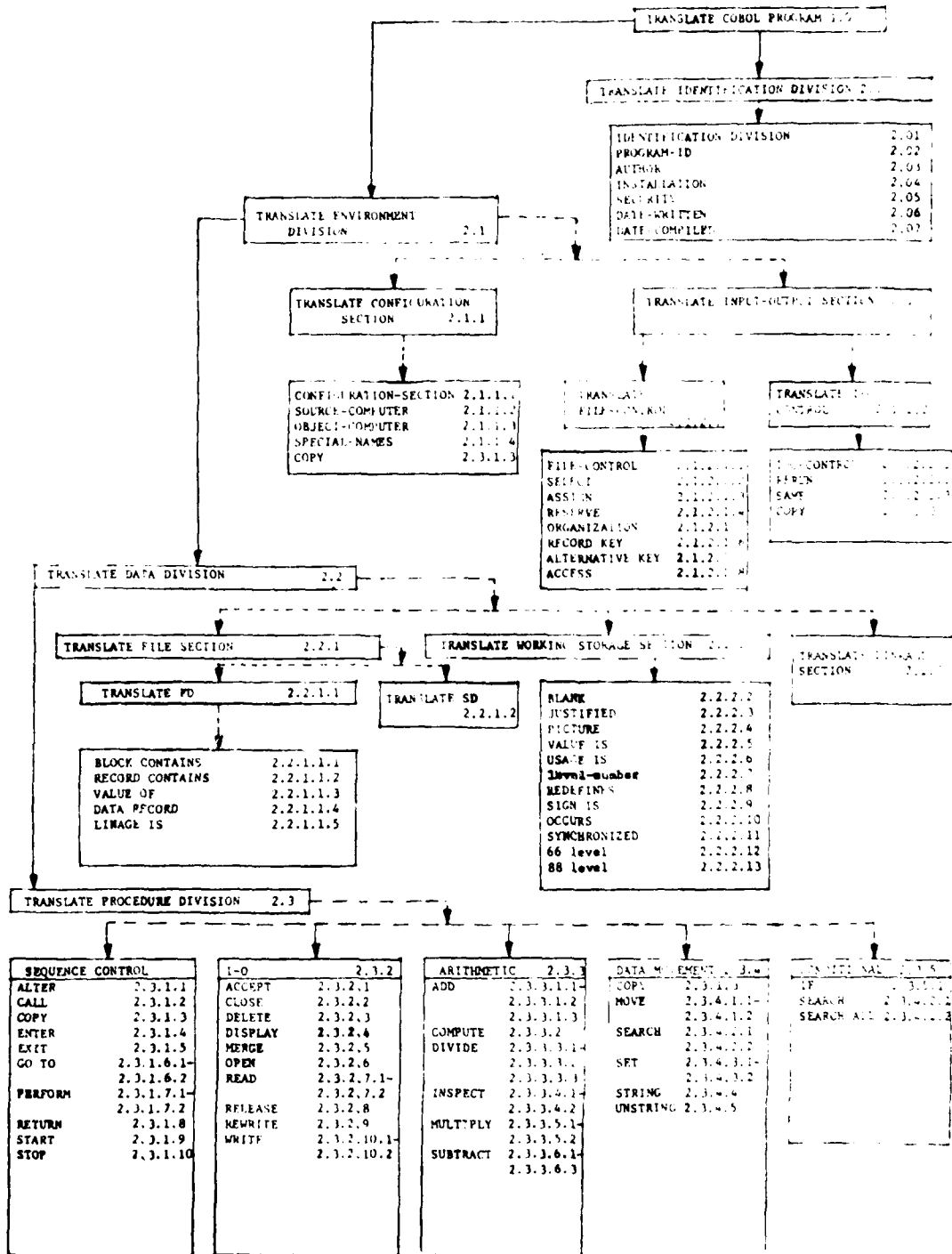   menting process in previous step.

INPUT

ON int-1 [AND EVERY int-2]

    [UNTIL int-2]

    imp-stmt
    NEXT SENTENCE

    { ELSE }
    { OTHERWISE }

    statement
    NEXT SENTENCE

APPENDIX B

PORTABLE STANDARD COBOL (PSC)

TO

PDP 11 COBOL

TRANSLATE COBOL PROGRAM 2.0

TRANSLATE IDENTIFICATION DIVISION 2.0

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION	2.01
PROGRAM-ID	2.02
AUTHOR	2.03
INSTALLATION	2.04
SECURITY	2.05
DATE-WRITTEN	2.06
DATE-COMPILED	2.07

TRANSLATE ENVIRONMENT DIVISION 2.1

TRANSLATE CONFIGURATION SECTION 2.1.1

CONFIGURATION-SECTION	2.1.1.1
SOURCE-COMPUTER	2.1.1.2
OBJECT-COMPUTER	2.1.1.3
SPECIAL-NAMES	2.1.1.4
COPY	2.3.1.3

TRANSLATE INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION

TRANSLATE FILE-SECTION

FILE-CONTROL	
SELECT	
ASSIGN	2.1.2.
RESERVE	2.1.2.1.4
ORGANIZATION	2.1.2.1
RECORD KEY	2.1.2.1.6
ALTERNATIVE KEY	2.1.2.
ACCESS	2.1.2.

TRANSLATE I-O-CONTROL

I-O-CONTROL	
RERUN	
SAME	
COPY	

TRANSLATE DATA DIVISION 2.2

TRANSLATE FILE SECTION 2.2.1

TRANSLATE FD 2.2.1.1

BLOCK CONTAINS	2.2.1.1.1
RECORD CONTAINS	2.2.1.1.2
VALUE OF	2.2.1.1.3
DATA RECORD	2.2.1.1.4
LINAGE IS	2.2.1.1.5

TRANSLATE WORKING STORAGE SECTION 2.2.2

TRANSLATE SD 2.2.1.2

BLANK	2.2.2.2
JUSTIFIED	2.2.2.3
PICTURE	2.2.2.4
VALUE IS	2.2.2.5
USAGE IS	2.2.2.6
level-number	2.2.2.7
REDEFINES	2.2.2.8
SIGN IS	2.2.2.9
OCCURS	2.2.2.10
SYNCHRONIZED	2.2.2.11
66 level	2.2.2.12
88 level	2.2.2.13

TRANSLATE LINKAGE SECTION 2.2.3

TRANSLATE PROCEDURE DIVISION 2.3

SEQUENCE CONTROL	
ALTER	2.3.1.1
CALL	2.3.1.2
COPY	2.3.1.3
ENTER	2.3.1.4
EXIT	2.3.1.5
GO TO	2.3.1.6.1–
	2.3.1.6.2
PERFORM	2.3.1.7.1–
	2.3.1.7.2
RETURN	2.3.1.8
START	2.3.1.9
STOP	2.3.1.10

I-O	2.3.2
ACCEPT	2.3.2.1
CLOSE	2.3.2.2
DELETE	2.3.2.3
DISPLAY	2.3.2.4
MERGE	2.3.2.5
OPEN	2.3.2.6
READ	2.3.2.7.1–
	2.3.2.7.2
RELEASE	2.3.2.8
REWRITE	2.3.2.9
WRITE	2.3.2.10.1–
	2.3.2.10.2

ARITHMETIC	2.3.3
ADD	2.3.3.1.1–
	2.3.3.1.2
	2.3.3.1.3
COMPUTE	2.3.3.2
DIVIDE	2.3.3.3.1–
	2.3.3.3.2
	2.3.3.3.3
INSPECT	2.3.3.4.1–
	2.3.3.4.2
MULTIPLY	2.3.3.5.1–
	2.3.3.5.2
SUBTRACT	2.3.3.6.1–
	2.3.3.6.3

DATA MOVEMENT	2.3.4
COPY	2.3.4.3
MOVE	2.3.4.1.1–
	2.3.4.1.2
SEARCH	2.3.4.2.1
	2.3.4.2.2
SET	2.3.4.3.1–
	2.3.4.3.2
STRING	2.3.4.4
UNSTRING	2.3.4.5

CONDITIONAL	2.3.5
IF	2.3.5.1
SEARCH	2.3.5.2.1
SEARCH ALL	2.3.5.2.2

B-1

OUTPUT

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

INPUT

PROGRAM-ID. program-name.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

OUTPUT

PROGRAM-ID. program-name.

OUTPUT

AUTHOR.

[comment-entr]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

AUTHOR.

[comment-entry ...]

OUTPUT

INSTALLATION.

[Comment entry...]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then co... output area.

INPUT

INSTALLATION.

Comment entry...

NO: 2.0.5

OUTPUT

SECURITY.

[comment-entry] ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

SECURITY.

[comment-entry] ...

NO: 2.0.6

OUTPUT

DATE-WRITTEN.

[comment-entry] ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

DATE-WRITTEN.

[comment-entry] ...

B-7

NO: 2.0.7

OUTPUT

DATE-COMPILED.

[comment-entry] ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

DATE-COMPILED.

[comment-entry] ...

B-8

NO: 2.1

OUTPUT

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.

B-9

NO: 2.1.1.1

OUTPUT

CONFIGURATION SECTION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

CONFIGURATION SECTION.

B-10

NO: 2.1.1.2

INPUT

SOURCE-COMPUTER.

computer-name

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

OUTPUT

SOURCE-COMPUTER.

computer-name

B-11

OUTPUT

OBJECT-COMPUTER.

computer-name

$\left[\text{MEMORY SIZE integer } \left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{WORDS}\\\text{CHARACTERS}\\\text{MODULES}\end{array}\right\}\right]$

SEGMENT clause

***warning message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. If "Segment-Limit" clause exists, move clause to output area with warning message (NOTE: elimination of this clause will not effect program execution.)

C. Else, copy statement (or remaining statement with "SEGMENT" clause eliminated) to output area.

INPUT

OBJECT-COMPUTER.

computer-name

$\text{MEMORY SIZE integer } \left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{WORDS}\\\text{CHARACTERS}\\\text{MODULES}\end{array}\right\}$

OUTPUT

SPECIAL-NAMES.

[implementor-name IS

mnemonic-name]

ON STATUS IS cond-1

OFF STATUS IS cond-2

OFF STATUS IS cond-2

ON STATUS IS cond-2

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to
output area.

INPUT

SPECIAL-NAMES.

implementor-name

IS mnemonic-name

ON STATUS IS cond-1

OFF STATUS IS cond-2

OFF STATUS IS cond-2

ON STATUS IS cond-1

B-13

NO: 2.1.2

OUTPUT

INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

B-14

No: 2.1.2.1.1

OUTPUT

FILE-CONTROL.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

FILE-CONTROL.

B-15

NO: 2.1.2.1:

OUTPUT

SELECT file-name.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

SELECT file-name.

B-16

OUTPUT

ASSIGN TO implementor-name-1 [, implementor-name-2] ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

ASSIGN TO implementor-name-1 [, implementor-name-2] ...

OUTPUT

RESERVE integer [AREA / AREAS]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

RESERVE integer [AREA / AREAS]

NO: 2.1.2.1.5

OUTPUT

ORGANIZATION IS

> RELATIVE
> SEQUENTIAL

***Warning message. Indexed
option is not allowed.

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. If organization is "INDEXED", move statement
    and warning message to output area.

C. If organization is "RELATIVE" or
    "SEQUENTIAL", move statement to output
    area, and copy.

INPUT

ORGANIZATION IS

> RELATIVE
> SEQUENTIAL

B-19

OUTPUT

RECORD statement

***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. Since this claluse is a no-equivalent situation, it should be moved to the output area with appropriate warning message.

NOTE: There may exist within the operating system, the means to simulate this process, since elimination of this clause may effect execution.

INPUT

RECORD KEY IS data-name

OUTPUT

ALTERNATE RECORD KEY

  IS data-name

  WITH DUPLICATES

*** WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. Since there is no equivalent state-
ment within the output language,
this "ALTERNATE" statement should
be moved to the output area with
appropriate warning message.

NOTE: There may exist means within the
operating system to simulate this
statement as function, because
elimination of statement may
effect program's execution.

INPUT

ALTERNATE RECORD KEY

  IS data-name

  WITH DUPLICATES

R 21

OUTPUT

ACCESS MODE IS

SEQUENTIAL [RELATIVE]

KEY IS data-name

RANDOM
DYNAMIC

RELATIVE

KEY IS data-name

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

ACCESS, MODE IS

SEQUENTIAL [RELATIVE]

KEY IS data-name-1

RANDOM
DYNAMIC

RELATIVE

KEY IS data-name-2

NO: 2.1.2.2.1

OUTPUT

I-O-CONTROL.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

I-O-CONTROL.

B-23

OUTPUT

RERUN statement

***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. Since there isn't an equivalent statement within the output language, this statement should be eliminated and placed in the output area with appropriate error message.

NOTE: There may exist in the operating system the means for simulating this concept, because elimination of this statement may effect simulation.

INPUT

RERUN ON

[file-name-1]
[implementor-name]

(END OF { REEL / UNIT })

OF file-name-2

integer-1 RECORDS

integer-2 CLOCK UNITS

condition-name

OUTPUT

SAME AREA FOR

file-name-1

[, file-name-2] ...

PROCESS

Read Entire statement then copy to output area.

INPUT

SAME AREA FOR

file-name-1

[file-name-2] ...

OUTPUT

DATA DIVISION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

DATA DIVISION.

NO: **2.2.1**

OUTPUT

FILE SECTION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

FILE SECTION.

NO: 2.2.1.1

OUTPUT

FD file-description

PROCESS

Read entire statement and copy to output area

INPUT

FD file-description

B-28

OUTPUT

BLOCK CONTAINS

integer-2

RECORDS
CHARACTERS

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

BLOCK CONTAINS

integer-2

RECORDS
CHARACTERS

OUTPUT

RECORD CONTAINS

[integer-3 TO]

integer-4 CHARACTERS

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

RECORD CONTAINS

[integer-3 TO]

integer-4 CHARACTERS

OUTPUT

VALUE OF ...

VALUE OF ID IS literal-1
implementor option phrase
***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. Move "VALUE OF" to output area and trans-
late implementor-name-1 to "ID" within
output area.

C. Move "IS literal-1" to output area.

D. If the optional implementor phrase has been
used, it should be moved to the output area
with a warning message (NOTE: This
phrase's elimination may effect program
execution).

INPUT

VALUE OF

implementor-name-1

IS literal-1

NO: 2.2.1.1.4

OUTPUT

$$\underline{\text{DATA}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{RECORD}} \text{ IS} \\ \underline{\text{RECORDS}} \text{ ARE} \end{array} \right\} \text{data-name-3} \quad [\text{, data-name-4}] \ldots$$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

$$\underline{\text{DATA}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{RECORD}} \text{ IS} \\ \underline{\text{RECORDS}} \text{ ARE} \end{array} \right\} \text{data-name-3} \quad [\text{, data-name-4}] \ldots$$

B-32

OUTPUT

LINAGE IS $\begin{Bmatrix} \text{data-name-5} \\ \text{integer-5} \end{Bmatrix}$

LINES $\left[\text{WITH } \underline{\text{FOOTING}} \right.$ AT $\begin{Bmatrix} \text{data-name-6} \\ \text{integer-6} \end{Bmatrix} \left. \right]$

$\left[, \underline{\text{LINES}} \text{ AT } \underline{\text{TOP}} \begin{Bmatrix} \text{data-name-7} \\ \text{integer-7} \end{Bmatrix} \right]$

$\left[, \underline{\text{LINES}} \text{ AT } \underline{\text{BOTTOM}} \begin{Bmatrix} \text{data-name-8} \\ \text{integer-8} \end{Bmatrix} \right]$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

LINAGE IS $\begin{Bmatrix} \text{data-name-5} \\ \text{integer-5} \end{Bmatrix}$

LINES $\left[\text{WITH } \underline{\text{FOOTING}} \right.$ AT $\begin{Bmatrix} \text{data-name-6} \\ \text{integer-6} \end{Bmatrix} \left. \right]$

$\left[, \underline{\text{LINES}} \text{ AT } \underline{\text{TOP}} \begin{Bmatrix} \text{data-name-7} \\ \text{integer-7} \end{Bmatrix} \right]$

$\left[, \underline{\text{LINES}} \text{ AT } \underline{\text{BOTTOM}} \begin{Bmatrix} \text{data-name-8} \\ \text{integer-8} \end{Bmatrix} \right]$

OUTPUT

SD statement

***WARNING message

level descriptions

***WARNING messages

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement, with succeeding entries.

B. Since there exists no equivalent statement within the output language, this "SD" statement, along with succeeding entries, should be moved to the output area with warning messages.

NOTE: The operating system may contain the means to simulate this process, since eliminating these statements may effect program execution.

INPUT

SD <u>file-name</u>

OUTPUT

WORKING-STORAGE
SECTION.

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

WORKING-STORAGE
SECTION.

NO: ....

OUTPUT

BLANK WHEN ZERO

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

BLANK WHEN ZERO

B-36

NO: 2.2.2.3

OUTPUT

```
┌JUSTIFIED┐      RIGHT
└JUST
```

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

```
┌JUSTIFIED┐      RIGHT
└JUST
```

NO: 2.2.2.4

OUTPUT

PICTURE
PIC } IS character string

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

PICTURE
PIC IS character string

B-38

OUTPUT

VALUE IS literal

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

VALUE IS literal

OUTPUT

USAGE IS

COMPUTATIONAL
COMP
DISPLAY
INDEX

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

USAGE IS

COMPUTATIONAL
COMP
DISPLAY
INDEX

OUTPUT

level-number { data-name-1 / FILLER }

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

level-number { data-name-1 / FILLER }

NO: 2.2.2.8

OUTPUT

REDEFINES data-name-2

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

REDEFINES data-name-2

B-42

NO: 2.2.2.9

OUTPUT

SIGN IS {LEADING / TRAILING}

SEPARATE CHARACTER

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

SIGN IS {LEADING / TRAILING}

SEPARATE CHARACTER

B-43

OUTPUT

OCCURS

integer-1 TO integer-2 TIMES

integer-2 TIMES

DEPENDING ON data-name-3

{ ASCENDING / DESCENDING } KEY IS

data-name-4 [data-name-5] ...

INDEXED BY index-name-1 [index-name ...]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

OCCURS

integer-1 TO integer-2 TIMES

integer-2 TIMES

DEPENDING ON data-name-3

{ ASCENDING / DESCENDING } KEY IS

data-name-4 [data-name-5] ...

INDEXED BY index-name-1 [index-name ...]

OUTPUT

| SYNCHRONIZED / SYNC |
| LEFT / RIGHT |

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to the output area

INPUT

| SYNCHRONIZED / SYNC |
| LEFT / RIGHT |

OUTPUT

66 data-name-1

RENAMES data-name-2

$\left[\begin{array}{l}\text{THROUGH} \\ \text{THRU}\end{array}\right]$ data-name-3

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

66 data-name-1

RENAMES data-name-2

$\left[\begin{array}{l}\text{THROUGH} \\ \text{THRU}\end{array}\right]$ data-name-3

SKIP..

IF condition-name

VALUE IS
VALUES ARE

THROUGH
THRU

literal-1

literal-2

literal-3

literal-4

THROUGH
TH...

PROCESS

Read entire 'column', then copy to output area

VALUE IS
VALUES ARE

literal-1

literal-2

THROUGH
THRU

THROUGH
THRU

literal-3

literal-4

OUTPUT

LINKAGE statement with
other entires

*****ARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement, with succeeding entries:

B. Since there exists no equivalent statement
within the output language, this "LINKAGE"
statement, along with succeeding statements,
should be moved to the output area with
warning messages.

NOTE: The operating system may contain the
means for simulating this concept, since eliminating
these statements may effect execution.

INPUT:

LINKAGE SECTION

OUTPUT

PROCEDURE DIVISION

USING clause

***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. Move "PROCEDURE DIVISION" to the output area.

C. If the "USING data-name-1" option is used, then it should be moved to the output area with appropriate warning message.

NOTE: Elimination of this clause may effect execution, but, the operating system may contain means to simulate the "USING" process.

INPUT

PROCEDURE DIVISION

OUTPUT

ALTER procedure-name-1 TO
[PROCEED TO]
procedure-name-2

procedure-name-3 TO
PROCEED TO
procedure-name-4

...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

ALTER procedure-name-1 TO
[PROCEED TO]
procedure-name-2

procedure-name-3 TO
PROCEED TO
procedure-name-4 ...

OUTPUT

CALL statement

...WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. Since there is no equivalent, this statement should be eliminated, and sent to the output area with appropriate warning message.

NOTE: Elimination of this statement may effect program execution. Within particular operating systems, there exists means to perform calling or linking modules.

INPUT

CALL literal-1

USING data-name-1

, data-name-2 ...

INPUT

COPY text-name

REPLACING { literal-1 / word-1 }

BY { identifier-2 / literal-2 / word-2 } ...

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement.

B. If statement contains "identifier" option, then move statement to output area with warning message. (NOTE: Eliminating statement may effect execution of program)

C. Else, copy statement to output area.

OUTPUT

COPY text-name REPLACING

identifier-1 BY

identifier-2

***WARNING message

COPY text-name

REPLACING { literal-1 / word-1 }

BY { literal-2 / word-2 } ...

OUTPUT

ENTER statement

**** WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. Since there is no equivalent verb for the output source,   move the statement to the output area with appropriate error message.

NOTE: Elimination of this statement may effect execution, but there may exist means within the operating system to similate this "ENTER" process.

INPUT

ENTER statement-name

COMING-name

NO: 2.3.1.5

OUTPUT

EXIT

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

EXIT

B-54

NO: 2.3.1.6.1

OUTPUT

GO TO [procedure-name-1]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

GO TO [procedure-name-1]

B-55

NO: 2.3.1.6.2

OUTPUT

GO TO procedure-name-1

[, procedure-name-2] . . .

, procedure-name-n

DEPENDING ON

identifier

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

GO TO procedure-name-1

[, procedure-name-2] . . .

, procedure-name-n

DEPENDING ON

identifier

OUTPUT

PERFORM procedure-name-1

$$\left[\, \underline{THRU} \text{ procedure-name-2} \,\right]$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{integer-1} \end{array} \right\} \underline{TIMES}$$

$$\underline{UNTIL} \text{ condition-1}$$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

PERFORM procedure-name-1

$$\left[\, \underline{THRU} \text{ procedure-name-2} \,\right]$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{integer-1} \end{array} \right\} \underline{TIMES}$$

$$\underline{UNTIL} \text{ condition-1}$$

OUTPUT

RETURN statement

***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. There exists no equivalent statement in the output language. This statement should be eliminated, and moved to the output area with appropriate warning message.

NOTE: There may exist means within the JCL or operating system, which simulates this RETURN function. Eliminating this statement may effect execution.

INPUT

RETURN file-name RECORD

[INTO identifier]

AT END imperative-

statement

OUTPUT

START file-name

```
       ⎡ IS EQUAL TO    ⎤
       ⎢ IS =           ⎢
       ⎢ IS GREATER THAN⎢
  KEY  ⎢ IS             ⎢  data-name
       ⎢ IS NOT LESS THAN⎢
       ⎣ IS NOT         ⎦
```

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement and copy as is

INPUT

START file-name

```
       ⎡ IS EQUAL TO    ⎤
       ⎢ IS =           ⎢
       ⎢ IS GREATER THAN⎢
  KEY  ⎢ IS             ⎢  data-name
       ⎢ IS NOT LESS THAN⎢
       ⎣ IS NOT         ⎦
```

NO: **2.3.1.10**

INPUT

STOP

$\left\{ \dfrac{RUN}{literal} \right\}$

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement and copy as is

OUTPUT

STOP

$\left\{ \dfrac{RUN}{literal} \right\}$

NO: **2.3.2.**1

OUTPUT

ACCEPT identifier

    [FROM mnemonic - name]

PROCESS

Read entire statement then copy to output area

INPUT

ACCEPT identifier

    [FROM mnemonic - name]

B-61

NO: 2.3.2.2

OUTPUT

CLOSE file-name-1

[, file-name-2]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

CLOSE file-name-1

[, file-name-2]

B-62

OUTPUT

DELETE file-name RECORD

INVALID KEY

imperative-statement

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

KEY

imperative-statement

NO: 2.3.2.4

OUTPUT

$$\underline{DISPLAY} \begin{Bmatrix} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1} \end{Bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \text{,identifier-2} \\ \text{,literal-2} \end{bmatrix} \dots$$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

$$\underline{DISPLAY} \begin{Bmatrix} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1} \end{Bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \text{,identifier-2} \\ \text{,literal-2} \end{bmatrix} \dots$$

OUTPUT

MERGE statement

***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. Since there is no equivalent statement, then this statement should be moved to the output area with a warning message.

NOTE: To simulate this merge function, a series of statements for reading, checking and writing may be set-up for the multiple files, but, efficiency may be lost.

INPUT:

MERGE file-name-1 ON

$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\underline{\text{ASCENDING}}\\ \underline{\text{DESCENDING}}\end{array}\right\}$ KEY

data-name-1

$\left[\text{,data-name-2}\right]\ldots$

$\left[\text{ON}\left\{\begin{array}{l}\underline{\text{ASCENDING}}\\ \underline{\text{DESCENDING}}\end{array}\right\}\text{KEY}\right.$

data-name-3

$\left[\text{,data-name-4}\right]\ldots$ $\left.\right]\ldots$

USING file-name-2, file-name-3 $\left[\text{file-name-4}\right]\ldots$

(CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE)

OUTPUT

READ file-name-1

READ file-name-2

IF condition-1 THEN

imperative-statement.

(where the ASCENDING or

DESCENDING condition

is simulated and/or

checking

WRITE file-name-3

PROCESS

INPUT

OUTPUT PROCEDURE IS

section-name-1

GIVING file-name-5

[THROUGH / THRU] section-name-2

OUTPUT

OPEN
$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\underline{\text{INPUT}}\ \text{file-name-1} \\ \underline{\text{OUTPUT}}\ \text{file-name-3} \\ \text{I-O}\ \text{file-name-5}\end{array}\right\}$
$\left[\text{, file-name-2}\right] \dots$
$\left[\text{, file-name-4}\right] \dots$
$\left[\text{, file-name-6}\right] \dots$

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

OPEN
$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\underline{\text{INPUT}}\ \text{file-name-1} \\ \underline{\text{OUTPUT}}\ \text{file-name-3} \\ \text{I-O}\ \text{file-name-5}\end{array}\right\}$
$\left[\text{, file-name-2}\right] \dots$
$\left[\text{, file-name-4}\right] \dots$
$\left[\text{, file-name-6}\right] \dots$

NO: 2.3.2.7.1

OUTPUT

READ file-name [NEXT]

RECORD [INTO identifier]

[AT END imperative-
statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

READ file-name [NEXT]

RECORD [INTO identifier]

[AT END imperative-
statement]

B-68

OUTPUT

KEY clause

***WARNING statement

READ file-name RECORD

[INTO identifier]

[INVALID KEY

imperative-statement]

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. If "KEY IS" option is used, then it must be eliminated from the output language, by moving clause to output area with appropriate warning message. (NOTE: Elimination of this clause may effect execution.)

C. Else copy statement to output area

INPUT

READ file-name RECORD

[INTO identifier]

[INVALID KEY

imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

RELEASE statement

***WARNING message

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. There isn't an equivalent statement in the output language. This statement should be eliminated and moved to the output area with appropriate warning message.

NOTE: There may exist means within the operating system, which may simulate this RELEASE function. Eliminating this statement may effect execution.

INPUT

RELEASE record-name

[FROM identifier]

<u>REWRITE</u> record-name

[<u>FROM</u> identifier]

[<u>INVALID KEY</u>

imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

<u>REWRITE</u> record-name

[<u>FROM</u> identifier]

[<u>INVALID KEY</u>

imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

WRITE record-name
[FROM identifier-1]
[BEFORE / AFTER] ADVANCING
{ identifier-2 / integer } [LINE / LINES]

PROCESS

A. Read entire statement

B. If the option "mnemonic-name" exists within the format, it should be eliminated. The operating system has commands for simulating this option.

C. Statement should be copied to the output error without "mnemonic-name"

INPUT

WRITE record-name
[FROM identifier-1]
[BEFORE / AFTER] ADVANCING
{ identifier-2 / integer } [LINE / LINES]

NO: **2.3.2.10.2**

OUTPUT

WRITE record-name

[FROM identifier]

[INVALID KEY

imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

WRITE record-name

[FROM identifier]

[INVALID KEY

imperative-statement]

B-73

NO: 2.3.3.1.1

OUTPUT

```
ADD  {identifier-1}  {identifier-2}  ...  TO identifier-m  [ROUNDED]  [identifier-n [ROUNDED]] ...
     {literal-1  }   {literal-2  }

     [ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]
```

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

```
ADD  {identifier-1}  {identifier-2}  ...  TO identifier-m  [ROUNDED]  [identifier-n [ROUNDED]] ...
     {literal-1  }   {literal-2  }

     [ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]
```

B-74

INPUT

ADD $\left\{\begin{matrix} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1} \end{matrix}\right\}$ $\left\{\begin{matrix} \text{identifier-2} \\ \text{literal-2} \end{matrix}\right\}$ $\left[\begin{matrix} \text{identifier-3} \\ \text{literal-3} \end{matrix}\right]$ ...

GIVING identifier-m [ROUNDED]

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

OUTPUT

ADD $\left\{\begin{matrix} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1} \end{matrix}\right\}$ $\left\{\begin{matrix} \text{identifier-2} \\ \text{literal-2} \end{matrix}\right\}$ $\left[\begin{matrix} \text{identifier-3} \\ \text{literal-3} \end{matrix}\right]$ ...

GIVING identifier-m [ROUNDED]

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

$$\underline{ADD} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \underline{CORRESPONDING} \\ \underline{CORR} \end{array} \right\} \text{identifier-1} \ \underline{TO} \text{ identifier-2} \left[\underline{ROUNDED}\right]$$

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

$$\underline{ADD} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \underline{CORRESPONDING} \\ \underline{CORR} \end{array} \right\} \text{identifier-1} \ \underline{TO} \text{ identifier-2} \left[\underline{ROUNDED}\right]$$

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

COMPUTE identifier-1

[ROUNDED]

[, identifier-2 [ROUNDED]]...

= arithmetic-expression

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

COMPUTE identifier-1

[ROUNDED]

[, identifier-2 [ROUNDED]]...

= arithmetic-expression

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

DIVIDE $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-1}\\\text{literal-1}\end{array}\right\}$ INTO identifier-2 [ROUNDED] [, identifier-3 [ROUNDED]]... [ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

DIVIDE $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-1}\\\text{literal-1}\end{array}\right\}$ INTO identifier-2 [ROUNDED] [, identifier-3 [ROUNDED]]... [ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

NO: 2.3.3.3.2

OUTPUT

DIVIDE $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1}\end{array}\right\}$ $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text{INTO} \\ \text{BY}\end{array}\right]$

$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-2} \\ \text{literal-2}\end{array}\right\}$ GIVING

identifier-3 [ROUNDED]

[identifier-4 [ROUNDED]]

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

DIVIDE $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1}\end{array}\right\}$ $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text{INTO} \\ \text{BY}\end{array}\right]$

$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-2} \\ \text{literal-2}\end{array}\right\}$ GIVING

identifier-3 [ROUNDED]

[identifier-4 [ROUNDED]]

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

B-79

OUTPUT

INSPECT identifier-1

REPLACING

CHARACTERS BY { identifier-6 / literal-4 } [{ BEFORE / AFTER } INITIAL { identifier-7 / literal-5 }]

{ ALL / LEADING / FIRST } { identifier-5 / literal-3 }

BY { identifier-6 / literal-4 } [{ BEFORE / AFTER } INITIAL { identifier-7 / literal-5 }] ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

INSPECT identifier-1

REPLACING

CHARACTERS BY { identifier-6 / literal-4 } [{ BEFORE / AFTER } INITIAL { identifier-7 / literal-5 }]

{ ALL / LEADING / FIRST } { identifier-5 / literal-3 }

BY { identifier-6 / literal-4 } [{ BEFORE / AFTER } INITIAL { identifier-7 / literal-5 }] ...

B-80

OUTPUT

INSPECT identifier-1

TALLYING

identifier-2 FOR

$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\underline{ALL}\\\underline{LEADING}\end{array}\right\}\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-3}\\\text{literal-1}\end{array}\right\}$

CHARACTERS

$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\underline{BEFORE}\\\underline{AFTER}\end{array}\right\}$ INITIAL

$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-4}\\\text{literal-2}\end{array}\right\}$ ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

INSPECT identifier-1

TALLYING

identifier-2 FOR

$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\underline{ALL}\\\underline{LEADING}\end{array}\right\}\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-3}\\\text{literal-1}\end{array}\right\}$

CHARACTERS

$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\underline{BEFORE}\\\underline{AFTER}\end{array}\right\}$ INITIAL

$\left[\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-4}\\\text{literal-2}\end{array}\right\}\right]$ ...

OUTPUT

REPLACING

CHARACTERS BY {identifier-6 / literal-4}

[BEFORE / AFTER] INITIAL {identifier-7 / literal-4}

{ALL / LEADING / FIRST} {identifier-5 / literal-3}

BY {identifier-6 / literal-4}

[BEFORE / AFTER] INITIAL {identifier-7 / literal-5} ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

REPLACING

CHARACTERS BY {identifier-6 / literal-4}

[BEFORE / AFTER] , INITIAL {identifier-7 / literal-4}

{ALL / LEADING / FIRST} {identifier-5 / literal-3}

BY {identifier-6 / literal-4}

[BEFORE / AFTER] INITIAL {identifier-7 / literal-5} ...

B-82

OUTPUT

DIVIDE {identifier-1 / literal-1} {INTO / BY}

{identifier-2 / literal-2} GIVING

identifier-3 [ROUNDED]

REMAINDER identifier-4

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

DIVIDE {identifier-1 / literal-1} {INTO / BY}

{identifier-2 / literal-2} GIVING

identifier-3 [ROUNDED]

REMAINDER identifier-4

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

MULTIPLY {identifier-1 / literal-1}

BY identifier-2 [ROUNDED]

[identifier-3 [ROUNDED]]...

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

MULTIPLY {identifier-1 / literal-1}

BY identifier-2 [ROUNDED]

[identifier-3 [ROUNDED]]...

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

$\underline{\text{MULTIPLY}}$ $\begin{Bmatrix} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1} \end{Bmatrix}$ $\underline{\text{BY}}$

$\begin{Bmatrix} \text{identifier-2} \\ \text{literal-2} \end{Bmatrix}$ $\underline{\text{GIVING}}$

identifier-3 [ROUNDED]

[, identifier-4 [ROUNDED]] ...

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

$\underline{\text{MULTIPLY}}$ $\begin{Bmatrix} \text{identifier-1} \\ \text{literal-1} \end{Bmatrix}$ $\underline{\text{BY}}$

$\begin{Bmatrix} \text{identifier-2} \\ \text{literal-2} \end{Bmatrix}$ $\underline{\text{GIVING}}$

identifier-3 [ROUNDED]

[, identifier-4 [ROUNDED]] ...

[ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

SUBTRACT $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-1}\\\text{literal-1}\end{array}\right\}$ $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text{,identifier-2}\\\text{,literal-2}\end{array}\right]$ ...

FROM identifier-m

[ROUNDED]

$\left[\text{,identifier-n}\left[\text{ROUNDED}\right]\right]$ ...

$\left[\text{,ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement}\right]$

PROCESS

Read entire statement and copy to output area

INPUT

SUBTRACT $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-1}\\\text{literal-1}\end{array}\right\}$ $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text{,identifier-2}\\\text{,literal-2}\end{array}\right]$ ...

FROM identifier-m

[ROUNDED]

$\left[\text{,identifier-n}\left[\text{ROUNDED}\right]\right]$ ...

$\left[\text{,ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement}\right]$

OUTPUT

```
SUBTRACT  {identifier-1}  [,identifier-2]  ...  [identifier-m]  FROM
          {literal-1  }   [,literal-2  ]        [literal-m  ]

GIVING identifier-n [ROUNDED] [,identifier-o [ROUNDED]] ...

[,ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]
```
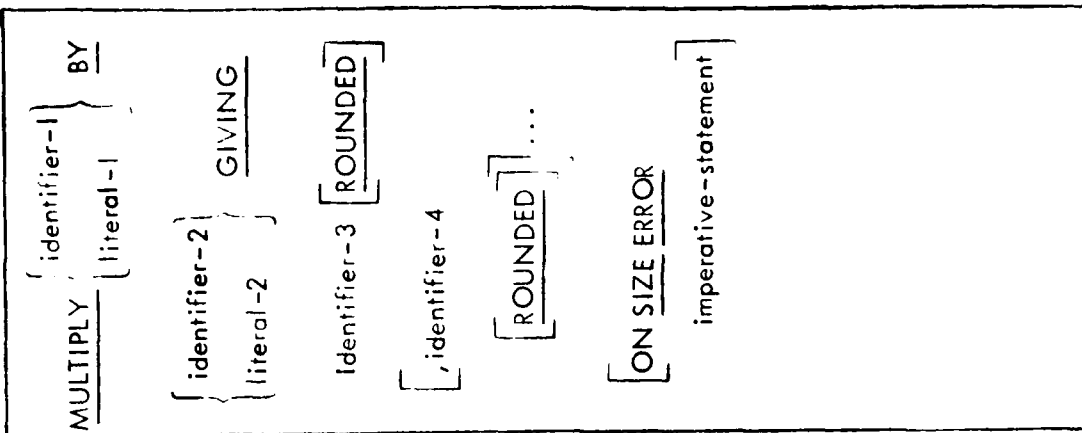
PROCESS

Read entire statement and copy to output area
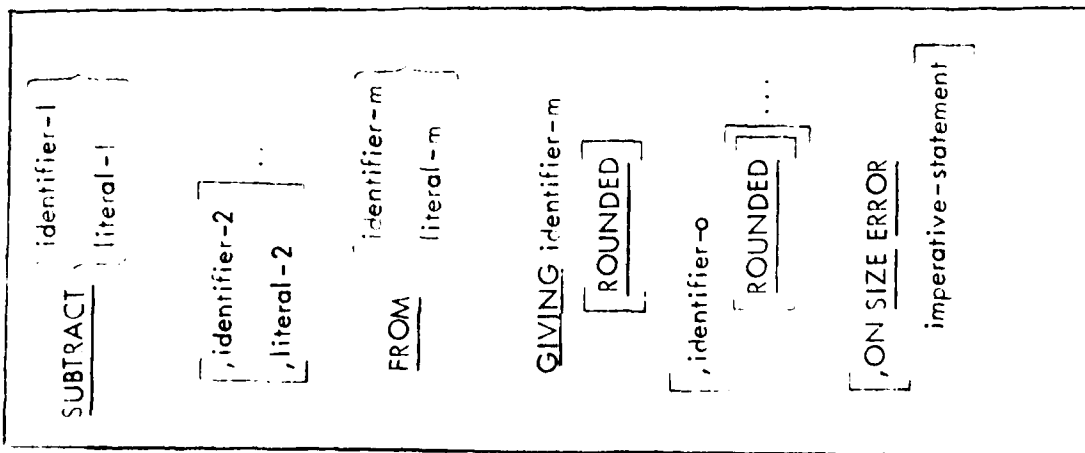
INPUT

```
SUBTRACT  {identifier-1}  [,identifier-2]  ...  [identifier-m]  FROM
          {literal-1  }   [,literal-2  ]        [literal-m  ]

GIVING identifier-m [ROUNDED] [,identifier-o [ROUNDED]] ...

[,ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]
```

NO: 2.3.3.6.3

OUTPUT

SUBTRACT { CORRESPONDING / CORR }

identifier-1 FROM

identifier-2 [ROUNDED]

[ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

PROCESS

Read entire statement and copy to output area

INPUT

SUBTRACT { CORRESPONDING / CORR }

identifier-1 FROM

identifier-2 [ROUNDED]

[;ON SIZE ERROR

imperative-statement]

B-88

INPUT

MOVE $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\underline{\text{identifier-1}}\\\text{literal}\end{array}\right\}$ TO

identifier-2

$\left[\text{, identifier-3}\right]$ ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

OUTPUT

MOVE $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\underline{\text{identifier-1}}\\\text{literal}\end{array}\right\}$ TO

identifier-2

$\left[\text{, identifier-3}\right]$ ...

OUTPUT

MOVE $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{CORRESPONDING}\\ \text{CORR}\end{array}\right\}$ identifier-1 TO

identifier-2

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

MOVE $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{CORRESPONDING}\\ \text{CORR}\end{array}\right\}$ identifier-1 TO

identifier-2

OUTPUT

```
SEARCH identifier-1

    [ VARYING { identifier-2    } ]
                { index-name-1  }

    [ AT END imperative-
             statement-1 ]

    WHEN condition-1  { imperative-statement }
                      { NEXT SENTENCE        }

  [ WHEN condition-2  { imperative-statement-3 } ]
                      { NEXT SENTENCE          }

    . . .
```

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

```
SEARCH identifier-1

    [ VARYING { identifier-2    } ]
                { index-name-1  }

    [ AT END imperative-
             statement-1 ]

    WHEN condition-1  { imperative-statement }
                      { NEXT SENTENCE        }

  [ WHEN condition-2  { imperative-statement-3 } ]
                      { NEXT SENTENCE          }

    . . .
```

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OUTPUT

```
SEARCH ALL identifier-1

     [AT END imperative-
           statement-1]

                         ⎧'IS EQUAL TO⎫
     WHEN  ⎧data- ⎫      ⎨            ⎬  ⎧identifier-3  ⎫
           ⎩name-1⎭      ⎩ IS =       ⎭  ⎨literal-1     ⎬
                                         ⎩arithmetic-exp-1⎭

           condition-name-1

                  ⎧data- ⎫    ⎧'IS EQUAL TO⎫
     AND   ⎧     ⎨name-2⎬     ⎨            ⎬  ⎧identifier-4  ⎫
                             ⎩ IS =       ⎭  ⎨literal-2     ⎬
                                             ⎩arithmetic-exp-2⎭

                  condition-name-2

           ⎧imperative-statement-2⎫
           ⎩NEXT SENTENCE         ⎭
```

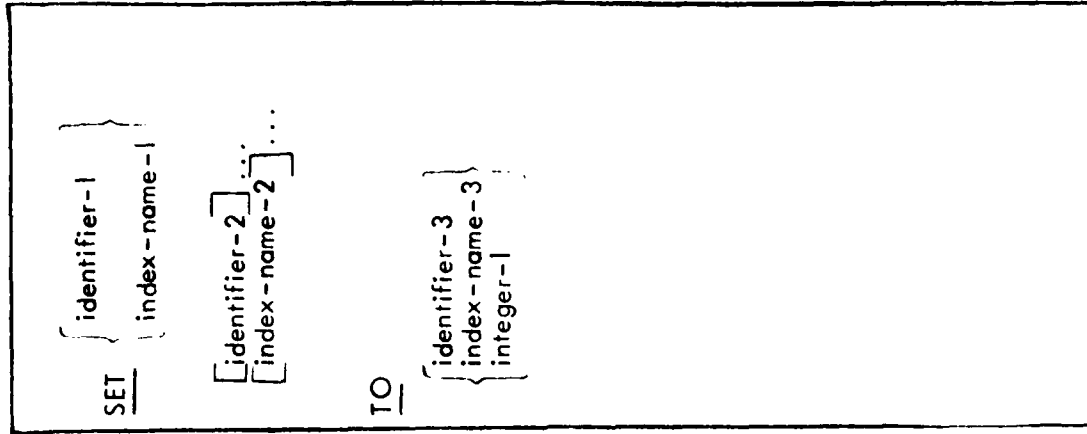## PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area.

INPUT

```
SEARCH ALL identifier-1

     [AT END imperative-
           statement-1]

                         ⎧'IS EQUAL TO⎫
     WHEN  ⎧data- ⎫      ⎨            ⎬  ⎧identifier-3  ⎫
           ⎩name-1⎭      ⎩ IS =       ⎭  ⎨literal-1     ⎬
                                         ⎩arithmetic-exp-1⎭

           condition-name-1

                  ⎧data- ⎫    ⎧'IS EQUAL TO⎫
     AND   ⎧     ⎨name-2⎬     ⎨            ⎬  ⎧identifier-4  ⎫
                             ⎩ IS =       ⎭  ⎨literal-2     ⎬
                                             ⎩arithmetic-exp-2⎭

                  condition-name-2

           ⎧imperative-statement-2⎫
           ⎩NEXT SENTENCE         ⎭
```

OUTPUT

SET $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-1} \\ \text{index-name-1}\end{array}\right\}$ $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-2} \\ \text{index-name-2}\end{array}\right]$ ...

TO $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-3} \\ \text{index-name-3} \\ \text{integer-1}\end{array}\right\}$

PROCESS

Read entire statement and copy to output area

INPUT

SET $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-1} \\ \text{index-name-1}\end{array}\right\}$ $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text{, identifier-2} \\ \text{, index-name-2}\end{array}\right]$ ...

TO $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text{identifier-3} \\ \text{index-name-3} \\ \text{integer-1}\end{array}\right\}$

OUTPUT

SET index-name-4 [index-name-5] ...
$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{UP BY} \\ \text{DOWN BY} \end{array} \right\}$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-4} \\ \text{integer-2} \end{array} \right\}$

PROCESS

Read entire statements and copy to output area

INPUT

SET index-name-4 [, index-name-5] ...
$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{UP BY} \\ \text{DOWN BY} \end{array} \right\}$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{identifier-4} \\ \text{integer-2} \end{array} \right\}$

B-94

OUTPUT

```
STRING   { identifier-1 }
         { literal-1    }

         [ , identifier-2 ] ...
         [ , literal-2    ]

   DELIMITED BY   { identifier-3 }
                  { literal-3    }
                  { SIZE         }

         [ , identifier-4 ] [ , identifier-5 ] ...
         [ , literal-4    ] [ , literal-5    ]

   DELIMITED BY   { identifier-6 }
                  { literal-6    }   ...
                  { SIZE         }

   INTO identifier-7

   [ WITH POINTER identifier-8 ]

   [ ON OVERFLOW imperative-statement ]
```

PROCESS

Read entire statements and copy to output area

INPUT

```
STRING   { identifier-1 }
         { literal-1    }

         [ , identifier-2 ] ...
         [ , literal-2    ]

   DELIMITED BY   { identifier-3 }
                  { literal-3    }
                  { SIZE         }

         [ , identifier-4   , identifier-5 ] ...
         [ , literal-4      , literal-5    ]

   DELIMITED BY   { identifier-6 }
                  { literal-6    }
                  { SIZE         }

   INTO identifier-7

   [ WITH POINTER identifier-8 ]

   [ ON OVERFLOW imperative-statement ]
```

OUTPUT

UNSTRING identifier-1

[DELIMITED BY [ALL] { identifier-2 } { literal-1 }

[, OR [ALL] { identifier-3 } { literal-2 }] ...]

INTO identifier-4

[, DELIMITER IN identifier-3]

[, COUNT IN identifier-6]

[, identifier-7

[, DELIMITER IN identifier-8]

[, COUNT IN identifier-9]] ...

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

UNSTRING identifier-1

[DELIMITED BY [ALL] { identifier-2 } { literal-1 }

[, OR [ALL] { identifier-3 } { literal-2 }] ...]

INTO identifier-4

[, DELIMITER IN identifier-5]

[, COUNT IN identifier-6]

[, identifier-7

[, DELIMITER IN identifier-8]

[, COUNT IN identifier-9]] ...

(CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE)

OUTPUT

[WITH POINTER identifier-10]

[TALLYING IN identifier-11]

[ON OVERFLOW]

[imperative-statement]

PROCESS

INPUT

[WITH POINTER identifier-10]

[TALLYING IN identifier-11]

[ON OVERFLOW]

[imperative-statement]

OUTPUT

IF condition { statement-1 / NEXT SENTENCE }

[ELSE statement-2 / ELSE NEXT SENTENCE]

PROCESS

Read entire statement, then copy to output area

INPUT

IF condition { statement-1 / NEXT SENTENCE }

[ELSE statement-2 / ELSE NEXT SENTENCE]